Cambridge International AS & A Level

ENGLISH LANGUAGE 9093/33

Paper 3 Language Analysis

October/November 2021

2 hours 15 minutes

You must answer on the enclosed answer booklet.

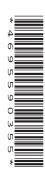
You will need: Answer booklet (enclosed)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper, ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.
- Dictionaries are **not** allowed.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].



Section A: Language change

Question 1

Read Texts A, B and C.

Analyse how **Text A** exemplifies the various ways in which the English language has changed over time. In your answer, you should refer to specific details from **Texts A**, **B** and **C**, as well as to ideas and examples from your wider study of language change. [25]

Text A

An extract from the introduction to a book of recipes entitled *The House-keeper's Pocket-Book*, written by Sarah Harrison in 1739

HOUSE-WIVES IN GREAT-BRITAIN.

Ladies, 5



INCE my first Endeavours in this Way, (imperfect as they were) through your Indulgence, have met with a very favourable Reception from the Publick, I thought my self oblig'd, in Gratitude,

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to revise the former Impression of this Work, to digest it in some better and more regular Method, and to improve it, as far as in me lay, by procuring a large Number of new, useful and scarce Receipts¹, such as never appear'd in any Collection before, and were to be met with no where but in the Closets of the Curious.

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In order, therefore, to prosecute² this my Design with the better Success, and to render this Compilement equal, at least, if not preferable to any other hitherto extant³, tho' held up at a much higher Price; I have not only consulted all my Female Friends and Acquaintance, who have distinguish'd themselves by their good Œconomy, and have acted for many Years in the Capacity of House-keepers in private Families; but have made my Application likewise to some particular Gentlemen of indisputable Judgment, who make the Art of Cookery in general their daily Study, and publick Employment. And since I have had the Happiness of their friendly Advice and Assistance join'd to my own long Experience, I flatter my self that the following Sheets will be look'd upon as A Compleat System of a Housekeeper's Duty; and that the Bills of Fare⁴ which I have here given you are so artfully contrived, so useful, and so copious, that they will never

be surpass'd by any future Author on this Topick.

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To conclude, and that I may not trespass too far on	35
your Patience and good Nature, or take up too much	
of your Time from the more important Affairs of your	
Families, I hereby ingenuously acknowledge, that I have	
exerted all the Art and Industry I can boast of, in the	
Completion of this POCKET-BOOK, compil'd for your	40
Service, and intended as your Daily Remembrancer ; and	
that I am not conscious to my self of having omitted one	
Article of any real Importance to be further known; and	
therefore, Such as it now appears to be, I freely Submit it to	
the Cenfure or Approbation ⁵ of the candid and impartial	45
Reader. I am, with all due Submission and Respect,	

Ladies,

Your most humble,

and obedient Servant,

SARAH HARRISON.

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Notes:

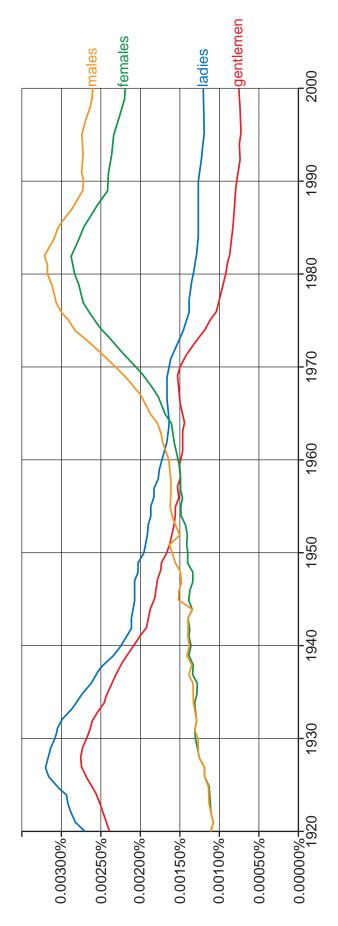
- ¹ Receipts: recipes
- ² prosecute: complete
 ³ hitherto extant: previously in existence
- ⁴ Bills of Fare: lists of food; menus
- ⁵ Cenfure or Approbation: criticism or approval

Text B

The top six objects of the verb 'prosecute' in the English Historical Book Collection corpus (books from 1473 to 1800) and in the English Web 2015 corpus (texts collected from the internet in 2015)

'prosecute' 1473–1800	'prosecute' 2015
design	attorney
war	perpetrator
voyage	offender
victory	trafficker
warre	criminal
sute	crime

Text C *n*-gram graph for the words *ladies*, *gentlemen*, *females* and *males* (1920–2000)



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Section B: Child language acquisition

Question 2

Read the following text, which is a transcription of a conversation between Henry (age 5 years) and his father. They are at home having a snack.

Analyse ways in which Henry and his father are using language in this conversation. In your answer, you should refer to specific details from the transcription, as well as to ideas and examples from your wider study of child language acquisition. [25]

Father: is that yours there ↗

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Henry: okay > ✓

REFERENCE TABLE OF IPA PHONEMIC SYMBOLS (RECEIVED PRONUNCIATION)

1 Consonants of English		2 Pure vowels of English		
/ f /	fat, rough	/iː/	b <u>ea</u> t, k <u>ee</u> p	
/ v /	very, village, love	/ I /	bit, tip, busy	
/ ₀ /	theatre, thank, athlete	/e/	bet, many	
/ð/	this, them, with, either	/æ/	b <u>a</u> t	
/s/	sing, thinks, losses	/ Λ /	cup, son, blood	
/z/	zoo, beds, easy	/aː/	car, heart, calm, aunt	
/ʃ/	sugar, bush	/p/	pot, want	
/3/	pleasure, beige	/31/	p <u>or</u> t, s <u>aw</u> , t <u>al</u> k	
/h/	high, hit, behind	/ə/	about, sudden	
/ p /	pit, top	/31/	w <u>or</u> d, b <u>ir</u> d	
/ t /	tip, pot, steep	/ʊ/	b <u>oo</u> k, w <u>oo</u> d, p <u>u</u> t	
/ k /	keep, tick, scare	/uː/	f <u>oo</u> d, s <u>ou</u> p, r <u>u</u> de	
/b/	<u>b</u> ad, ru <u>b</u>			
/ d /	ba <u>d, d</u> im	3 Diphthongs of English		
/ g /	gun, big	/ eɪ /	l <u>a</u> te, d <u>ay, grea</u> t	
/ t ʃ/	<u>ch</u> ur <u>ch</u> , lun <u>ch</u>	/ aɪ /	time, high, die	
/d3/	judge, gin, jury	/ oɪ /	b <u>oy,</u> n <u>oi</u> se	
/ m /	<u>m</u> ad, ja <u>m</u> , s <u>m</u> all	/ aʊ /	c <u>ow</u> , h <u>ou</u> se, t <u>ow</u> n	
/ n /	ma <u>n</u> , <u>n</u> o, s <u>n</u> ow	/ ၁ʊ /	b <u>oa</u> t, h <u>o</u> me, kn <u>ow</u>	
/ŋ/	si <u>ng</u> er, lo <u>ng</u>	/ rə/	ear, here	
/1/	loud, kill, play	/ eə /	air, care, chair	
/ j /	you, beyond	/ ʊə /	cure, jury	
/ w /	one, when, sweet			
/ r /	rim, bread			
\ \ \ \	uh <u>-</u> oh			

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